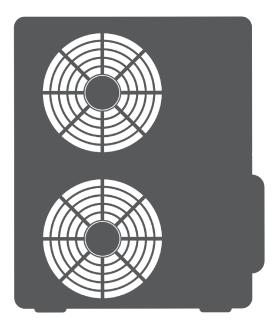




AIR CONDITIONING SYSTEMS

CASSETTE TYPE

INSTALLATION MANUAL



MODELS:

V7CRI-12WiFiR/U7RS-12 V7CRI-18WiFiR/U7RS-18 V7CI-24WiFiR/U7RS-24 V7CI-36WiFiR/U7RS-36 V7CI-42WiFiR/U7RS-42 V7CI-50WiFiR/U7RT-50 V7CI-60WiFiR/U7RT-60







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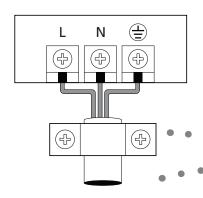
Installation Manual

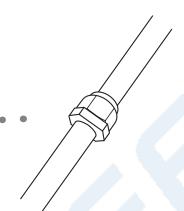
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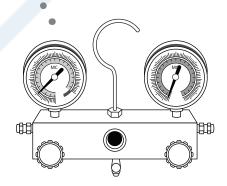
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8 Air Evacuation

Caution : Risk of fire (for R32/R290 refrigerant only)

WARNING:

Servicing shall only be performed as recommended by the equipment manufacturer.

Maintenance and repair requiring the assistance of other skilled personnel shall be carried out under the supervision of the person competent in the use of flammable refrigerants. For more details , please refer to the section of "Information on servicing" . (This is only required for the unit adopts R32/R290 Refrigerant).





Safety Precautions

Read Safety Precautions Before Installation

Incorrect installation due to ignoring instructions can cause serious damage or injury. The seriousness of potential damage or injuries is classified as either a **WARNING** or **CAUTION**.



Failure to observe a warning may result in death. The appliance must be installed in accordance with national regulations.



Failure to observe a caution may result in injury or equipment damage.



This symbol indicates that you must never perform the action indicated.



! WARNING

- 1. Carefully read the Safety Precautions before installation.
- 2. In certain functional environments, such as kitchens, server rooms, etc., the use of specially designed air-conditioning units is highly recommended.
- 3. Only trained and certified technicians should install, repair and service this air conditioning unit.
- 4. Improper installation may result in electrical shock, short circuit, leaks, fire or other damage to the equipment and personal property.
 - (In North America, installation must be performed in accordance with the requirement of NEC and CEC by authorized personnel only.)
- Strictly follow the installation instructions set forth in this manual. 5.
- Before you install the unit, consider strong winds, typhoons and earthquakes that might affect your unit and locate it accordingly. Failure to do so could cause the equipment to fail.
- This appliance can be used by children aged from 8 years and above and persons with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities or lack of experience and knowledge if they have been given supervision or instruction concerning use of the appliance in a safe way and understand the hazards involved. Children shall not play with the appliance. Cleaning and user maintenance shall not be made by children without supervision.

(EN Standard requirements)

- Do not use means to accelerate the defrosting process or to clean, other than those 8. recommended by the manufacturer.
- This appliance is not intended for use by persons(including children) with reduced 9. physical, sensory or mental capabilities or lack of experience and knowledge, unless they have been given supervision or instruction concerning use of the appliance by a person responsible for their safety. (IEC Standard requirement)
- 10. Children should be supervised to ensure that they do not play with the appliance. (IEC Standard requirement)



! WARNING

- 11. If the supply cord is damaged, it must be replaced by the manufacturer, its service agent or similarly qualified persons in order to avoid a hazard.
- 12. The appliance shall be installed in accordance with national wiring regulations.
- 13. An all-pole disconnection device which has at least 3mm clearances in all poles, and have a leakage current that may exceed 10mA, the residual current device (RCD) having a rated residual operating current not exceeding 30mA, and disconnection must be incorporated in the fixed wiring in accordance with the wiring rules.
- 14. The appliance disconnection must be incorporated with an all-pole disconnection device in the fixed wiring in accordance with the wiring rules.
- 15. Any person who is involved with working on or breaking into a refrigerant circuit should hold a current valid certificate from an industry-accredited assessment authority, which authorises their competence to handle refrigerants safely in accordance with an industry recognised assessment specification.
- 16. Servicing shall only be performed as recommended by the equipment manufacturer.
- 17. Maintenance and repair requiring the assistance of other skilled personnel shall be carried out under the supervision of the person competent in the use of flammable refrigerants.
- 18. The appliance shall be stored so as to prevent mechanical damage from occurring.
- 19. Keep ventilation openings clear of obstruction.
- 20. Do not turn on the power until all work has been completed.
- 21. When moving or relocating the air conditioner, consult experienced service technicians for disconnection and reinstallation of the unit
- 22. In certain functional environments, such as kitchens, server rooms, etc., the use of specially designed air-conditioning units is highly recommended.
- 23. Removal of the plug has to be such that an operator can check from any of the points to which he has access that the plug remains removed.
- 24. If this is not possible, due to the construction of the appliance or its installation, a disconnection with a locking system in the isolated position shall be provided.
- 25. How to install the appliance to its support, please read the information for details in "indoor unit installation" and "outdoor unit installation".

CAUTION

- ⊘ For units that have an auxiliary electric heater, do not install the unit within 1 meter (3 feet) of any combustible materials.
- Do not install the unit in a location that may be exposed to combustible gas leaks. If combustible gas accumulates around the unit, it may cause fire.
- <u>O Do not</u> operate your air conditioner in a wet room such as a bathroom or laundry room. Too much exposure to water can cause electrical components to short circuit.
- 1. The product must be properly grounded at the time of installation, or electrical shock may occur.
- 2. Install drainage piping according to the instructions in this manual. Improper drainage may cause water damage to your home and property.



Cautions for using R32/R290 refrigerant

- 1. Installation (Space)
 - That the installation of pipe-work shall be kept to a minimum.
 - That pipe-work shall be protected from physical damage.
 - That compliance with national gas regulations shall be observed.
 - That mechanical connections shall be accessible for maintenance purposes.
 - In cases that require mechanical ventilation, ventilation openings shall be kept clear of obstruction.
 - When disposing of the product is used, be based on national regulations, properly processed.
 - -The appliance shall be stored in a well-ventilated area where the room size corresponds to the room area as specified for operation.
 - -Spaces where refrigerant pipes shall be compliance with national gas regulations.
- 2. Servicing
 - Any person who is involved with working on or breaking into a refrigerant circuit should hold a current valid certificate from an industry-accredited assessment authority, which authorises their competence to handle refrigerants safely in accordance with an industry recognised assessment specification.
 - Servicing shall only be performed as recommended by the equipment manufacturer. Maintenance and repair requiring the assistance of other skilled personnel shall be carried out under the supervision of the person competent in the use of flammable refrigerants.
- 3. Do not use means to accelerate the defrosting process or to clean, other than those recommended by the manufacturer.
- 4. The appliance shall be stored in a room without continuously operating ignition sources (for example: open flames, an operating gas appliance or an operating electric heater)
- 5. Do not pierce or burn.
- 6. Be aware that refrigerants may not contain an odour.
- 7. Be more careful that foreign matter(oil, water,etc) does not enter the piping. Also, when storing the piping, securely seal the opening by pinching, taping, etc. For indoor units, use R32 flareless joint assy only when connecting the indoor unit and connecting piping(when connecting indoors). Use of pipes, flareless nut or flare nuts other than specified, may cause product malfunction, burst piping, or injury due to high internal pressure of the refrigerant cycle caused by any inflow air.
- 8. Appliance shall be installed, operated and stored in a room with a floor area larger than X m² (Please see the following form). The appliance shall not be installed in an unventilated space, if that space is smaller than X m² (Please see the following form).



The maximun charge in a room shall be in accordance with the following:

$$m_{max} = 2.5 \text{ x (LFL)}^{(5/4)} \text{ x h}_0 \text{x (A)}^{1/2}$$

or the required minumum floor area A_{min} to install an applicance with refrigerant charge M(kg) shall be in accordance with following:

$$A_{min} = (M/(2.5 \times (LFL)^{(5/4)} \times h_0))^2$$

Where.

 M_{max} is the allowable maximum charge in a room, in kg; M is the refrigerant charge amount in appliance, in kg;

A min is the required minimum room area, in m^2 ;

A is the room area, in m^2 ;

LFL is the lower flammable limit, in kg/m³;

 h_0 is the release height, the vertical distance in metres from the floor to the point of release when the appliance is installed;

 $h_0 = (hinst + hrel)$ or 0,6 m whichever is higher

hrel is the release offset in metres from the bottom of the appliance to the point of release

hinst is the installed height in metres of the unit

Reference installed heights are given below:

0.0 m for portable and floor mounted;

- 1.0m for window mounted;
- 1.8m for wall mounted;
- 2.2m for ceiling mounted;

If the minimum installed height given by the manufacturer is higher than the reference installed height, then in addition Amin and mmax for the reference installed height have to be given by the manufacturer. An appliance may have multiple reference installed heights. In this case, Amin and mmax calculations shall be provided for all applicable reference installed heights.

For appliances serving one or more rooms with an air duct system, the lowest opening of the duct connection to each conditioned space or any opening of the indoor unit greater than 5 cm², at the lowest position to the space, shall be used for ho. However, ho shall not be less than 0,6 m. Amin shall be calculated as a function of the opening heights of the duct to the spaces and the refrigerant charge for the spaces where leaked refrigerant may flow to, considering where the unit is located. All spaces shall have a floor area more than Amin.



- **NOTE 1** This formula cannot be used for refrigerants lighter than 42 kg/kmol.
- **NOTE 2** Some examples of the results of the calculations according to the above formula are given in Tables 1-1 and 1-2.
- **NOTE 3** For factory sealed appliances, the nameplate on the unit itself marked the refrigerant charge can be used to calculate A_{min}.
- **NOTE 4** For field charged products, calculation of Amin can be based on the installed refrigerant charge not to exceed the factory specified maximum refrigerant charge.

The maximun charge in a room and the required minumum floor area to install an applicance, please refer to the "Owner's Manual & Installation Manual" of the unit. For specific information on the type of gas and the amount, please refer to the relevant label on the unit itself

Table.1-1

Max Refrigerant Charge (kg)

Refrigerant Type	LFL(kg/m³)	Installation Height H0(m)	Floor Area (m²)						
			4	7	10	15	20	30	50
R32	0.206	0.6	0.68	0.90	1.08	1.32	1.53	1.87	2.41
NJZ	0.306	1.0	1.14	1.51	1.80	2.20	2.54	3.12	4.02
		1.8	2.05	2.71	3.24	3.97	4.58	5.61	7.24
		2.2	2.50	3.31	3.96	4.85	5.60	6.86	8.85
		0.6	0.05	0.07	0.08	0.10	0.11	0.14	0.18
R290 0.038	1.0	0.08	0.11	0.13	0.16	0.19	0.23	0.30	
	1.8	0.15	0.20	0.24	0.29	0.34	0.41	0.53	
		2.2	0.18	0.24	0.29	0.36	0.41	0.51	0.65

Table.1-2

Min. Room Area (m²)

Refrigerant Type	LFL(kg/m ³)	Installation Height H0(m)		M	Charge linimum	Amount Room A	in kg rea (m²)	
			1.224kg	1.836kg	2.448kg	3.672kg	4.896kg	6.12kg	7.956kg
		0.6		29	51	116	206	321	543
R32	0.306	1.0		10	19	42	74	116	196
NS2	NJ2	1.8		3	6	13	23	36	60
		2.2		2	4	9	15	24	40
			0.152kg	0.228kg	0.304kg	0.456kg	0.608kg	0.76kg	0.988kg
		0.6		82	146	328	584	912	1541
R290	0.038	1.0		30	53	118	210	328	555
		1.8		9	16	36	65	101	171
		2.2		6	11	24	43	68	115



Note about Fluorinated Gasses

- 1. This air-conditioning unit contains fluorinated greenhouse gasses. For specific information on the type of gas and the amount, please refer to the relevant label on the unit itself or the "Owner's Manual Product Fiche" in the packaging of the outdoor unit. (European Union products only).
- 2. Installation, service, maintenance and repair of this unit must be performed by a certified technician.
- 3. Product uninstallation and recycling must be performed by a certified technician.
- 4. For equipment that contains fluorinated greenhouse gases in quantities of 5 tonnes of QO equivalent or more, but of less than 50 tonnes of QO equivalent, If the system has a leak-detection system installed, it must be checked for leaks at least every 24 months.
- 5. When the unit is checked for leaks, proper record-keeping of all checks is strongly recommended.

Explanation of symbols displayed on the indoor unit or outdoor unia (applicable to the unit adopts R32/R290 Refrigerant only):

	WARNING	This symbol shows that this appliance uses a flammable refrigerant. If the refrigerant is leaked and exposed to an external ignition source, there is a risk of fire.
	CAUTION	This symbol shows that the operation manual should be read carefully.
T	CAUTION	This symbol shows that a service personnel should be handling this
	CAUTION	equipment with reference to the installation manual.
L i	CAUTION	This symbol shows that information is available such as the operating manual or installation manual.



Accessories

2

The air conditioning system comes with the following accessories. Use all of the installation parts and accessories to install the air conditioner. Improper installation may result in water leakage, electrical shock and fire, or cause the equipment to fail.

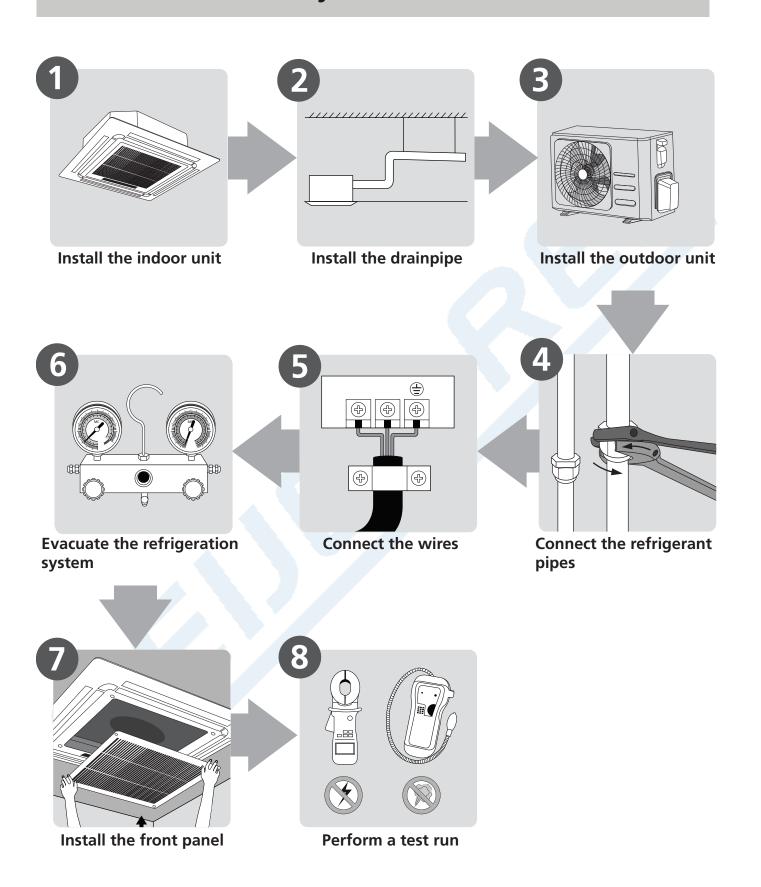
Name of Accessories	Q'ty(pc)	Shape	Name of Accessories	Q'ty(pc)	Shape
Manual	2	Manual	Installation paper template	1	
Outlet pipe sheath	1		Anti-shock rubber	1	
Outlet pipe clasp	1		Drain joint	1	
Belt	4	- name-	Seal ring	1	
Tapping screw	4		Copper nut	2	
Magnetic ring (Hitch it on the connective cable between indoor unit and outdoor unit after installation.)	Varies by model		Magnetic ring (wrap the electric wires S1 & S2 (P & Q & E) around the magnetic ring twice)	1	\$1&\$2(P&Q&E)
Remote controller holder	1		Fixing screw for remote controller holder ST2.9 x 10	2)mm>

Note

• This indoor unit requires installation of a decoration panel.



Installation Summary

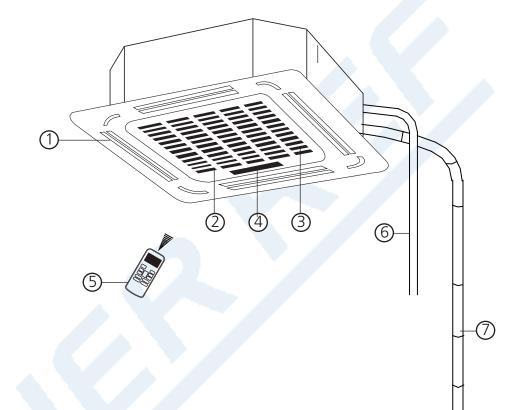




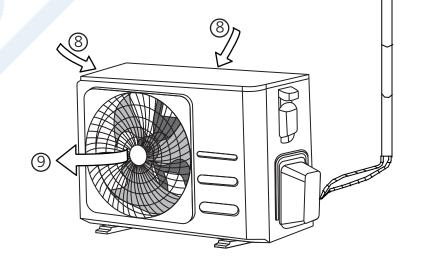
Indoor Unit Installation

Indoor Unit Parts

(A)



- ① Air outlet
- 2 Air inlet
- 3 Front grille
- Display panel
- S Remote controller
- 6 Drain pipe
- O Connecting pipe
- 8 Air inlet
- Air outlet





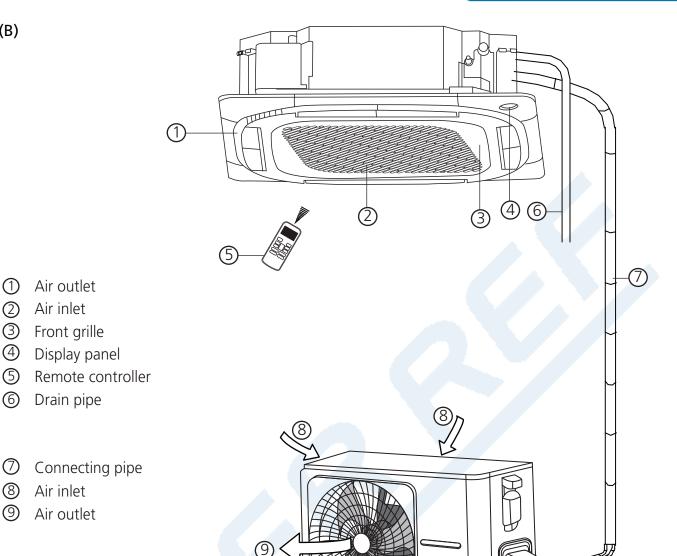
(B)

(1) Air outlet ② Air inlet ③ Front grille Oisplay panel

6 Drain pipe

(8) Air inlet

Air outlet



Safety Precautions

№ WARNING

- Securely install the indoor unit on a structure that can sustain its weight. If the structure is too weak, the unit may fall causing personal injury, unit and property damage, or even death.
- Install the indoor unit at a height of more than 2.5m (8') above the floor.
- **DO NOT** install the indoor unit in a bathroom or laundry room as excessive moisture can short the unit and corrode the wiring.

CAUTION

- Install the indoor and outdoor units, cables and wires at least 1m (3.2') from televisions or radios to prevent static or image distortion. Depending on the appliances, a 1m (3.2') distance may not be sufficient.
- •If the indoor unit is installed on a metal part of the building, it must be grounded.



Indoor Unit Installation Instructions

NOTE: Panel installation should be done after piping and wiring.

Step 1: Select installation location

The indoor unit should be installed in a location that meets the following requirements:

- ☑ The unit is at least 1m (39") from the nearest wall.
- ☑ There is enough room for installation and maintenance.
- ☑ There is enough room for the connecting pipe and drainpipe.
- ☑ The ceiling is horizontal and its structure can sustain the weight of the indoor unit.
- ☑ The air inlet and outlet are not impeded.
- ☑ The airflow can fill the entire room.
- ☑ There is no direct radiation from heaters.

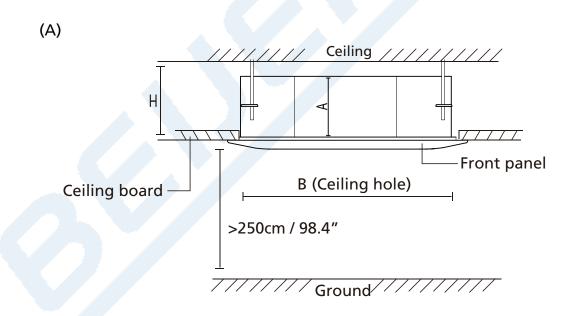
CAUTION

DO NOT install the unit in the following locations:

- In areas with oil drilling or fracking
- In coastal areas with high salt content in the air
- In areas with caustic gases in the air, such as near hot springs
- In areas with power fluctuations, such as factories
- ⊘ In enclosed spaces, such as cabinets
- In kitchens that use natural gas
- ⊘ In areas with strong electromagnetic waves
- In areas that store flammable materials or gas
- In rooms with high humidity, such as bathrooms or laundry rooms

RECOMMENDED DISTANCES BETWEEN THE INDOOR UNIT AND THE CEILING

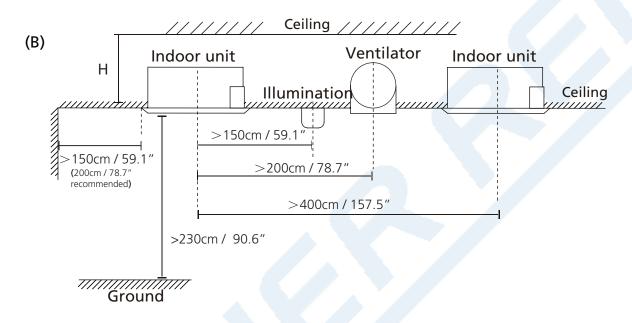
The distance between the mounted indoor unit and the internal ceiling should meet the following specifications. (See Fig. 3.2)

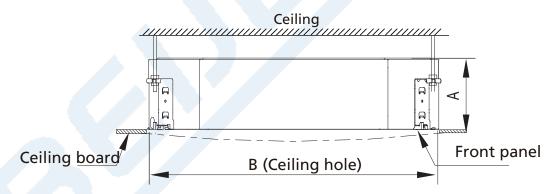




Distance from ceiling relative to height of indoor unit

ТҮРЕ	MODEL	Length of A (mm/inch)	Length of H (mm/inch)	Length of B (mm/inch)
	24	245/9.6	> 275/10.8	
Super-Slim models	30	205/8	> 235/9.3	880/34.5
illoueis	30-48	245/9.6	> 275/10.8	
	48-60	287/11.3	> 317/12.5	
Compact models	5	260/10.2	> 290/11.4	600/23.6





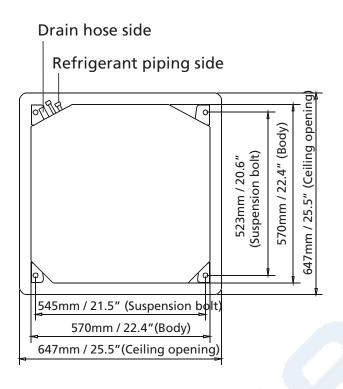
Distance from ceiling relative to height of indoor unit

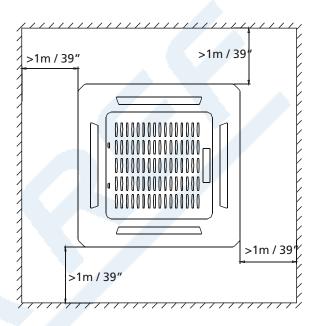
MODEL	Length of A (mm/inch)	Length of H (mm/inch)	Length of B (mm/inch)
18-24	205/8.03	230/9.06	
30-42	245/9.65	271/10.7	900/35.4
42-60	287/11.3	313/12.3	



Step 2: Hang indoor unit.

1. Use the included paper template to cut a rectangular hole in the ceiling, leaving at least 1m (39") on all sides. The hole will be 60x60cm (23.6x23.6") or 90x90cm (35.4x35.4") big. Be sure to mark the areas where ceiling hook holes will be drilled.

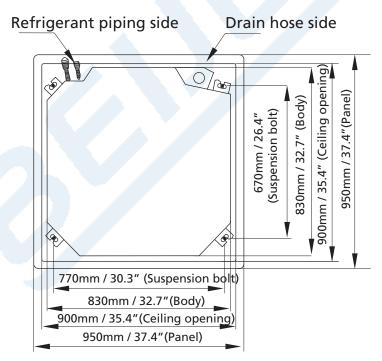




Models: V7CRI-12WiFiR, V7CRI-18WiFiR

Fig. 3.3

(B)



Models: V7CI-24WiFiR, V7CI-36WiFiR, V7CI-42WiFiR, V7CI-50WiFiR, V7CI-60WiFiR

A CAUTION

The unit body should align perfectly with the hole. Ensure that the unit and the hole are the same size before moving on.

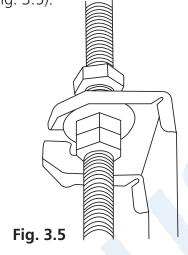


- 2. Drill 4 holes 5cm (2") or 12cm-15.5cm (4.7"-6.1") deep at the ceiling hook positions in the internal ceiling. Be sure to hold the drill at a 90° angle to the ceiling.
- 3. Using a hammer, insert the ceiling hooks into the pre-drilled holes. Secure the bolt using the included washers and nuts.
- 4. Install the four suspension bolts (See Fig. 3.4).

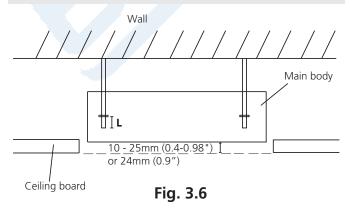


Fig. 3.4

5. Mount the indoor unit. You will need two people to lift and secure it. Insert suspension bolts into the unit's hanging holes. Fasten them using the included washers and nuts (See Fig. 3.5).



NOTE: The bottom of the unit should be 10 - 25mm (0.4-0.98") for 24k-60k models or 24mm (0.9") for 12k-18k models higher than the ceiling board. Generally, L (indicated in Fig. 3.6) should be half the length of the suspension bolt or long enough to prevent the nuts from coming off.



CAUTION

Ensure that the unit is completely level. Improper installation can cause the drain pipe to back up into the unit or water leakage.

NOTE: Ensure that the indoor unit is level. The unit is equipped with a built-in drain pump and float switch. If the unit is tilted against the direction of condensate flows (the drainpipe side is raised), the float switch may malfunction and cause water to leak.

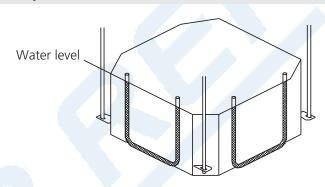


Fig. 3.7

NOTE FOR NEW HOME INSTALLATION

When installing the unit in a new home, the ceiling hooks can be embedded in advance. Make sure that the hooks do not come loose due to concrete shrinkage. After installing the indoor unit, fasten the installation paper template onto the unit with bolts (M6X12) to determine in advance the dimension and position of the opening on the ceiling. Follow the instructions above for the remainder of the installation

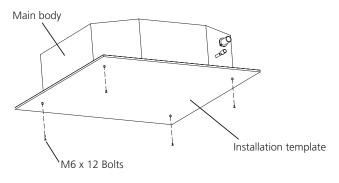


Fig. 3.8



Outdoor Unit Installation

4

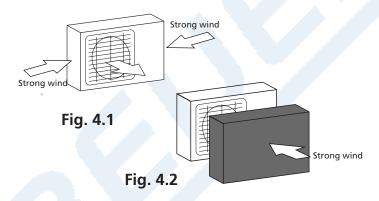
Outdoor Unit Installation Instructions

Step 1: Select installation location.

The outdoor unit should be installed in the location that meets the following requirements:

- ☑ Place the outdoor unit as close to the indoor unit as possible.
- ☑ Ensure that there is enough room for installation and maintenance.
- ☐ The air inlet and outlet must not be obstructed or exposed to strong wind.
- ☑ Ensure the location of the unit will not be subject to snowdrifts, accumulation of leaves or other seasonal debris. If possible, provide an awning for the unit. Ensure the awning does not obstruct airflow.
- ☐ The installation area must be dry and well ventilated.
- ☑ There must be enough room to install the connecting pipes and cables and to access them for maintenance.

- ☐ The area must be free of combustible gases and chemicals.
- ☐ The pipe length between the outdoor and indoor unit may not exceed the maximum allowable pipe length.
- ☑ If possible, **DO NOT** install the unit where it is exposed to direct sunlight.
- ☑ If possible, make sure the unit is located far away from your neighbors' property so that the noise from the unit will not disturb them.
- ☑ If the location is exposed to strong winds (for example: near a seaside), the unit must be placed against the wall to shelter it from the wind. If necessary, use an awning. (See Fig. 4.1 & 4.2)
- ☐ Install the indoor and outdoor units, cables and wires at least 1 meter from televisions or radios to prevent static or image distortion. Depending on the radio waves, a 1 meter distance may not be enough to eliminate all interference.



Step 2: Install outdoor unit.

Fix the outdoor unit with anchor bolts (M10)

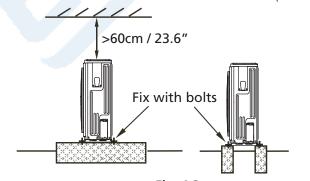


Fig. 4.3

CAUTION

- Be sure to remove any obstacles that may block air circulation.
- Make sure you refer to Length Specifications to ensure there is enough room for installation and maintenance.

SPECIAL CONSIDERATIONS FOR EXTREME WEATHER

If the unit is exposed to heavy wind:

Install unit so that air outlet fan is at a 90° angle to the direction of the wind. If needed, build a barrier in front of the unit to protect it from extremely heavy winds. See Figures below.



If the unit is frequently exposed to heavy rain or snow:

Build a shelter above the unit to protect it from the rain or snow. Be careful not to obstruct air flow around the unit.

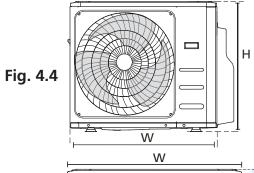
If the unit is frequently exposed to salty air (seaside):

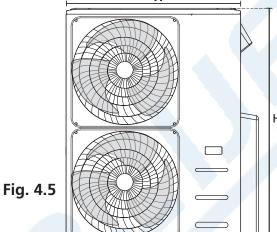
Use outdoor unit that is specially designed to resist corrosion.

Outdoor Unit Types and Specifications

Split Type Outdoor Unit

(Refer to Fig 4.4, 4.5, 4.6, 4.10 and Table 4.1)





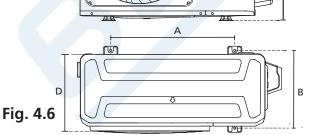


Table 4.1: Length Specifications of Split
Type Outdoor Unit (unit: mm/inch)

Outdoor Unit Dimensions	Mounting I	Dimensions
WxHxD	Distance A	Distance B
760x590x285 (29.9x23.2x11.2)	530 (20.85)	290 (11.4)
810x558x310 (31.9x22x12.2)	549 (21.6)	325 (12.8)
845x700x320 (33.27x27.5x12.6)	560 (22)	335 (13.2)
900x860x315 (35.4x33.85x12.4)	590 (23.2)	333 (13.1)
945x810x395 (37.2x31.9x15.55)	640 (25.2)	405 (15.95)
990x965x345 (38.98x38x13.58)	624 (24.58)	366 (14.4)
938x1369x392 (36.93x53.9x15.43)	634 (24.96)	404 (15.9)
900x1170x350 (35.4x46x13.8)	590 (23.2)	378 (14.88)
800x554x333 (31.5x21.8x13.1)	514 (20.24)	340 (13.39)
845x702x363 (33.27x27.6x14.3)	540 (21.26)	350 (13.8)
946x810x420 (37.24x31.9x16.53)	673 (26.5)	403 (15.87)
946x810x410 (37.24x31.9x16.14)	673 (26.5)	403 (15.87)
952x1333x410 (37.5x52.5x16.14)	634 (24.96)	404 (15.9)
952x1333x415 (37.5x52.5x16.34)	634 (24.96)	404 (15.9)
890x673x342 (35x26.5x13.46)	663 (26.1)	354 (13.94)
765x555x303 (30.1x 21.8x 11.9)	452 (17.8)	286(11.3)
805x554x330 (31.7x 21.8x 12.9)	511 (20.1)	317 (12.5)

BEIJER REF

NOTE: The minimum distance between the outdoor unit and walls described in the installation guide does not apply to airtight rooms. Be sure to keep the unit unobstructed in at least two of the three directions (M, N, P) (See Fig. 4.10)

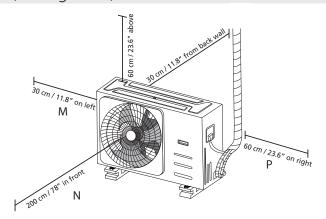
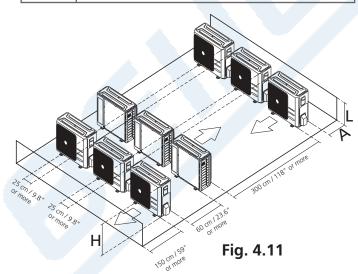


Fig. 4.10

Rows of series installation

Table 4.3 The relations between H, A and L are as follows.

	L	А		
L ≤ H L ≤ 1/2H		25 cm / 9.8" or more		
	1/2H < L ≤ H	30 cm / 11.8" or more		
L > H	Can not be installed			



Drain Joint Installation

If the drain joint comes with a rubber seal (see Fig. 4.12 - A), do the following:

1. Fit the rubber seal on the end of the drain joint that will connect to the outdoor unit.

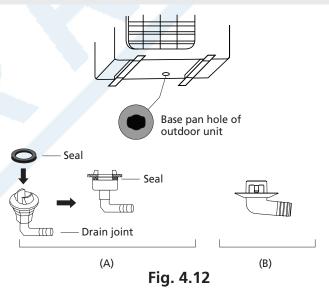
- 2. Insert the drain joint into the hole in the base pan of the unit.
- 3. Rotate the drain joint 90° until it clicks in place facing the front of the unit.
- 4. Connect a drain hose extension (not included) to the drain joint to redirect water from the unit during heating mode.

If the drain joint doesn't come with a rubber seal (see Fig. 4.12 - B), do the following:

Insert the drain joint into the hole in the base pan of the unit. The drain joint will click in place.

Connect a drain hose extension (not included) to the drain joint to redirect water from the unit during heating mode.

NOTE: Make sure the water drains to a safe location where it will not cause water damage or a slipping hazard.



Notes On Drilling Hole In Wall

You must drill a hole in the wall for the refrigerant piping, and the signal cable that will connect the indoor and outdoor units.

- 1. Determine the location of the wall hole based on the location of the outdoor unit.
- 2. Using a 65-mm (2.5") core drill, drill a hole in the wall.

NOTE: When drilling the wall hole, make sure to avoid wires, plumbing, and other sensitive components.

3. Place the protective wall cuff in the hole. This protects the edges of the hole and will help seal it when you finish the installation process.



Drainpipe Installation

5

The drainpipe is used to drain water from the unit. Improper installation may cause unit and property damage.

CAUTION

- Insulate all piping to prevent condensation, which could lead to water damage.
- If the drainpipe is bent or installed incorrectly, water may leak and cause a malfunction of the water- level switch.
- In HEAT mode, the outdoor unit will discharge water. Ensure that the drain hose is placed in an appropriate area to avoid water damage and slippage due to frozen drain water.
- **DO NOT** pull the drainpipe forcefully as this could cause it to disconnect.



This installation requires a polyethylene tube (outside diameter = 2.5cm), which can be obtained at your local hardware store or from your dealer.

Indoor Drainpipe Installation

Install the drainpipe as shown in Fig 5.2.

- 1. Cover the drainpipe with heat insulation to prevent condensation and leakage.
- 2. Attach the mouth of the drain hose to the unit's outlet pipe. Sheath the mouth of the hose and clip it firmly with a pipe clasp. (Fig 5.1)

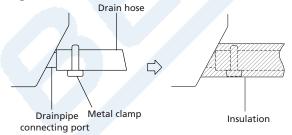
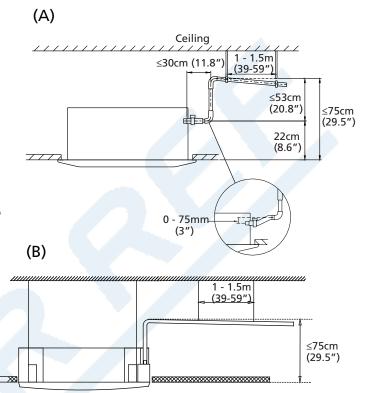


Fig. 5.1

1-1.5m
(39-59")

Downward slope
1/100

Fig. 5.2

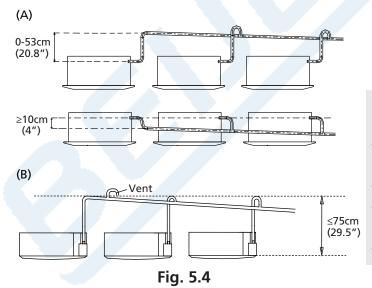




NOTE ON DRAINPIPE INSTALLATION

- When using an extended drainpipe, tighten the indoor connection with an additional protection tube to prevent it from pulling loose.
- The drainpipe should slope downward at a gradient of at least 1/100 to prevent water from flowing back into the air conditioner.
- To prevent the pipe from sagging, space hanging wires every 1-1.5m (40-59").
- If the outlet of the drainpipe is higher than the body's pump joint, provide a lift pipe for the exhaust outlet of the indoor unit. The lift pipe must be installed no higher than 75cm (29.5") from the ceiling board and the distance between the unit and the lift pipe must be less than 30cm (11.8"). Incorrect installation could cause water to flow back into the unit and flood.
- To prevent air bubbles, keep the drain hose level or slightly tiled up (<75mm / 3").

NOTE: When connecting multiple drainpipes, install the pipes as shown in Fig 5.4.



3. Using a 65mm (2.56") or 90mm(3.54") core drill, drill a hole in the wall. Make sure that the hole is drilled at a slight downward angle, so that the outdoor end of the hole is lower than the indoor end by about 12mm (0.5"). This will ensure proper water drainage (See Fig. 5.5). Place the protective wall cuff in the hole. This protects the edges of the hole and will help seal it when you finish the installation process.

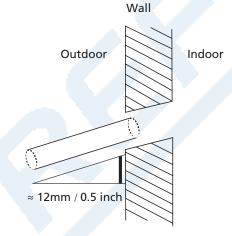


Fig. 5.5

NOTE: When drilling the wall hole, make sure to avoid wires, plumbing, and other sensitive components.

4. Pass the drain hose through the wall hole. Make sure the water drains to a safe location where it will not cause water damage or a slipping hazard.

NOTE: The drainpipe outlet should be at least 5cm (1.9") above the ground. If it touches the ground, the unit may become blocked and malfunction. If you discharge the water directly into a sewer, make sure that the drain has a U or S pipe to catch odors that might otherwise come back into the house.



Refrigerant Piping Connection

Safety Precautions

WARNING

- All field piping must be completed by a licensed technician and must comply with the local and national regulations.
- When the air conditioner is installed in a small room, measures must be taken to prevent the refrigerant concentration in the room from exceeding the safety limit in the event of refrigerant leakage. If the refrigerant leaks and its concentration exceeds its proper limit, hazards due to lack of oxygen may result.
- When installing the refrigeration system, ensure that air, dust, moisture or foreign substances do not enter the refrigerant circuit. Contamination in the system may cause poor operating capacity, high pressure in the refrigeration cycle, explosion or injury.
- Ventilate the area immediately if there is refrigerant leakage during the installation. Leaked refrigerant gas is both toxic and flammable. Ensure there is no refrigerant leakage after completing the installation work.

Notes On Pipe Length and Elevation

Ensure that the length of the refrigerant pipe, the number of bends, and the drop height between the indoor and outdoor units meets the requirements shown in Table 6.1:

Table 6.1: The Maximum Length And Drop Height Based on Models. (Unit: m/ft.)

Type of model	Capacity (Btu/h)	Length of piping	Maximum drop height
North America,	<15K	25/82	10/32.8
Australia and the	≥15K - <24K	30/98.4	20/65.6
eu frequency conversion Split	≥24K - <36K	50/164	25/82
Туре	≥36K - ≤60K	75/246	30/98.4
	12K	15/49	8/26
Other Calit Tune	18K-24K	25/82	15/49
Other Split Type	30K-36K	30/98.4	20/65.6
	42K-60K	50/164	30/98.4

∕!\ CAUTION

Oil traps

If the indoor unit is installed higher than the outdoor unit:

-If oil flows back into the outdoor unit's compressor, this might cause liquid compression or deterioration of oil return. Oil traps in the rising gas piping can prevent this. An oil trap should be installed every 6m (20ft) or 10m (32.8ft) of vertical suction line riser. (See Fig. 6.1)

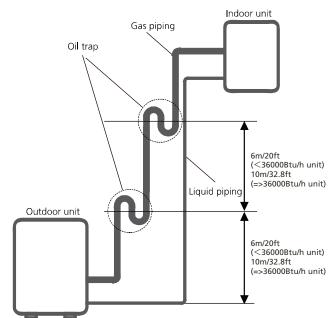


Fig. 6.1

The indoor unit is installed higher than the outdoor unit



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If the outdoor unit is installed higher than the indoor unit:

-It is recommended that vertical suction risers not be upsized. Proper oil return to the compressor should be maintained with suction gas velocity. If velocities drop below7.62m/s (1500fpm (feet per minute)), oil return will be decreased. An oil trap should be installed every 6m(20ft) or 10m(32.8ft) of vertical suction line riser. (See Fig. 6.2)

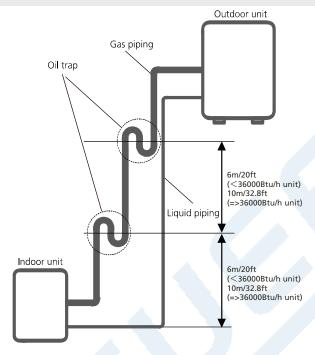


Fig. 6.2

The outdoor unit is installed higher than the indoor unit

Refrigerant Piping Connection Instructions

$\hat{\underline{\Lambda}}$ CAUTION

- The branching pipe must be installed horizontally. An angle of more than 10° may cause malfunction.
- <u>DO NOT</u> install the connecting pipe until both indoor and outdoor units have been installed.
- Insulate both the gas and liquid piping to prevent water leakage.

Step1: Cut pipes

When preparing refrigerant pipes, take extra care to cut and flare them properly. This will ensure efficient operation and minimize the need for future maintenance. For R32/R290 refrigerantmodels, the pipe connection points must be placed outside of room. The connection pipes can not be reused.

- 1. Measure the distance between the indoor and outdoor units.
- 2. Using a pipe cutter, cut the pipe a little longer than the measured distance.

A CAUTION

DO NOT deform pipe while cutting. Be extra careful not to damage, dent, or deform the pipe while cutting. This will drastically reduce the heating efficiency of the unit.

3. Make sure that the pipe is cut at a perfect 90° angle. Refer to Fig. 6.3 for examples of bad cuts.

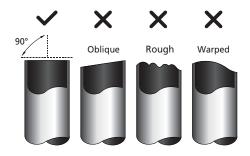


Fig. 6.3



Step 2: Remove burrs.

Burrs can affect the air-tight seal of refrigerant piping connection. They must be completely removed.

- 1. Hold the pipe at a downward angle to prevent burrs from falling into the pipe.
- 2. Using a reamer or deburring tool, remove all burrs from the cut section of the pipe.

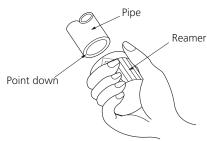


Fig. 6.4

Step 3: Flare pipe ends

Proper flaring is essential to achieve an airtight seal.

- 1. After removing burrs from cut pipe, seal the ends with PVC tape to prevent foreign materials from entering the pipe.
- 2. Sheath the pipe with insulating material.
- 3. Place flare nuts on both ends of pipe. Make sure they are facing in the right direction, because you can't put them on or change their direction after flaring. See Fig. 6.5

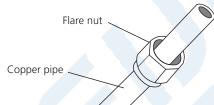


Fig. 6.5

- 4. Remove PVC tape from ends of pipe when ready to perform flaring work.
- 5. Clamp flare form on the end of the pipe. The end of the pipe must extend beyond the flare form.

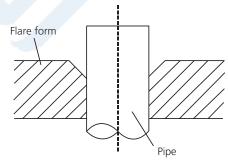


Fig. 6.6

- 6. Place flaring tool onto the form.
- 7. Turn the handle of the flaring tool clockwise until the pipe is fully flared. Flare the pipe in accordance with the dimensions shown in table 6.3.

Table 6.3: PIPING EXTENSION BEYOND FLARE FORM

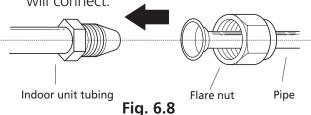
	Pipe gauge	Tightening torque	Flare dimension (A) (Unit: mm/Inch)		Flare shape
1			Min.	Max.	
	Ø 6.35	18-20 N.m (183-204 kgf.cm)	8.4/0.33	8.7/0.34	90°±4
	Ø 9.52	25-26 N.m (255-265 kgf.cm)	13.2/0.52	13.5/0.53	A 42
	Ø 12.7	35-36 N.m (357-367 kgf.cm)	16.2/0.64	16.5/0.65	R0.4~0.8
	Ø 16	45-47 N.m (459-480 kgf.cm)	19.2/0.76	19.7/0.78	
	Ø 19	65-67 N.m (663-683 kgf.cm)	23.2/0.91	23.7/0.93	
	Ø 22	75-85N.m (765-867 kgf.cm)	26.4/1.04	26.9/1.06	

8. Remove the flaring tool and flare form, then inspect the end of the pipe for cracks and even flaring.

Step 4: Connect pipes

Connect the copper pipes to the indoor unit first, then connect it to the outdoor unit. You should first connect the low-pressure pipe, then the high-pressure pipe.

- 1. When connecting the flare nuts, apply a thin coat of refrigeration oil to the flared ends of the pipes.
- 2. Align the center of the two pipes that you will connect.

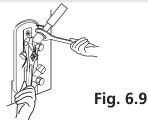


rig. b.8

- 3. Tighten the flare nut as tightly as possible by hand.
- 4. Using a spanner, grip the nut on the unit tubing.
- 5. While firmly gripping the nut, use a torque wrench to tighten the flare nut according to the torque values in table 6.3.



NOTE: Use both a spanner and a torque wrench when connecting or disconnecting pipes to/from the unit.



CAUTION

- Ensure to wrap insulation around the piping. Direct contact with the bare piping may result in burns or frostbite.
- Make sure the pipe is properly connected.
 Over tightening may damage the bell mouth and under tightening may lead to leakage.

NOTE ON MINIMUM BEND RADIUS

Carefully bend the tubing in the middle according to the diagram below. **DO NOT** bend the tubing more than 90° or more than 3 times.





min-radius 10cm (3.9")

Fig. 6.10

6. After connecting the copper pipes to the indoor unit, wrap the power cable, signal cable and the piping together with binding tape.

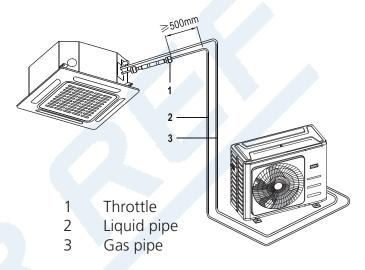
NOTE: DO NOT intertwine signal cable with other wires. While bundling these items together, do not intertwine or cross the signal cable with any other wiring.

- 7. Thread this pipeline through the wall and connect it to the outdoor unit.
- 8. Insulate all the piping, including the valves of the outdoor unit.
- 9. Open the stop valves of the outdoor unit to start the flow of the refrigerant between the indoor and outdoor unit.

CAUTION

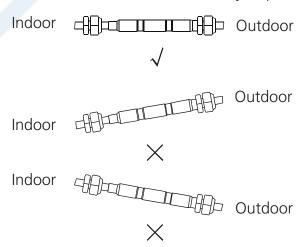
Check to make sure there is no refrigerant leak after completing the installation work. If there is a refrigerant leak, ventilate the area immediately and evacuate the system (refer to the Air Evacuation section of this manual).

Installation Of The Throttle. (Some Models)

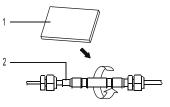


Precautions

- For ensuring throttled efficiency, please mount the throttle as horizontally as possible.



 Wrap the supplied anti-shock rubber at external of the throttle for denoise.



- 1 Anti-shock rubber
- 2 Throttle



Wiring

(7)

Safety Precautions

WARNING

- Be sure to disconnect the power supply before working on the unit.
- All electrical wiring must be done according to local and national regulations.
- Electrical wiring must be done by a qualified technician. Improper connections may cause electrical malfunction, injury and fire.
- An independent circuit and single outlet must be used for this unit. <u>DO NOT</u> plug another appliance or charger into the same outlet. If the electrical circuit capacity is not enough or there is a defect in the electrical work, it can lead to shock, fire, unit and property damage.
- Connect the power cable to the terminals and fasten it with a clamp. An insecure connection may cause fire.
- Make sure that all wiring is done correctly and the control board cover is properly installed. Failure to do so can cause overheating at the connection points, fire, and electrical shock.
- Ensure that main supply connection is made through a switch that disconnects all poles, with contact gap of a least 3mm (0.118").
- **DO NOT** modify the length of the power cord or use an extension cord.

! CAUTION

- Connect the outdoor wires before connecting the indoor wires.
- Make sure you ground the unit. The grounding wire should be away from gas pipes, water pipes, lightning rods, telephone or other grounding wires. Improper grounding may cause electrical shock.
- <u>DO NOT</u> connect the unit with the power source until all wiring and piping is completed.
- Make sure that you do not cross your electrical wiring with your signal wiring, as this can cause distortion and interference.

Follow these instructions to prevent distortion when the compressor starts:

- The unit must be connected to the main outlet. Normally, the power supply must have a low output impedance of 32 ohms.
- No other equipment should be connected to the same power circuit.
- The unit's power information can be found on the rating sticker on the product.

TAKE NOTE OF FUSE SPECIFICATIONS

The air conditioner's circuit board(PCB) is designed with a fuse to provide overcurrent protection. The specifications of the fuse are printed on the circuit board, such as: **Indoor unit:** T3.15A/250VAC, T5A/250VAC.

(applicable for unit adopts R32 refrigerant) **Outdoor unit:** T20A/250VAC.

NOTE: The fuse is made of ceramic.



Outdoor Unit Wiring

№ WARNING

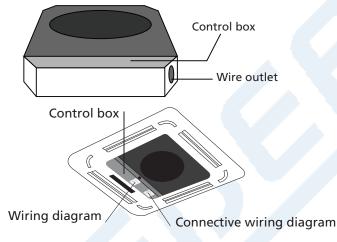
Before performing any electrical or wiring work, turn off the main power to the system.

- 1. Prepare the cable for connection
 - a. You must first choose the right cable size before preparing it for connection. Be sure to use H07RN-F cables.

Table 7.1: Other Regions

Rated Current of Appliance (A)	Nominal Cross-Sectional Area (mm²)
> 3 and ≤ 6	0.75
> 6 and ≤ 10	1
> 10 and ≤ 16	1.5
> 16 and ≤ 25	2.5
> 25 and ≤ 32	4
> 32 and ≤ 40	6

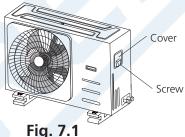
Super-Slim models



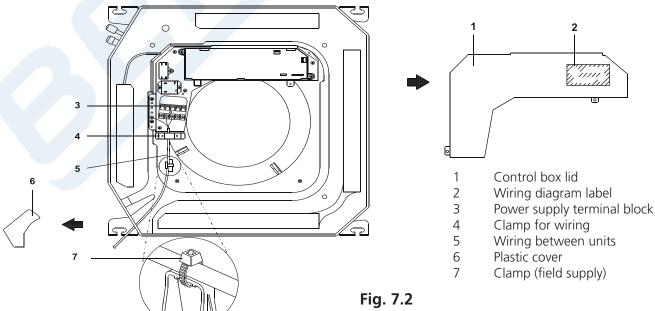
- b. Using wire strippers, strip the rubber jacket from both ends of signal cable to reveal about 15cm (5.9") of the wires inside.
- c. Strip the insulation from the ends of the
- d. Using a wire crimper, crimp u-lugs on the ends of the wires.

NOTE: While connecting the wires, please strictly follow the wiring diagram (found inside the electrical box cover).

2. Remove the electric cover of the outdoor unit. If there is no cover on the outdoor unit. disassemble the bolts from the maintenance board and remove the protection board. (See Fig. 7.1)



- 3. Connect the u-lugs to the terminals Match the wire colors/labels with the labels on the terminal block, and firmly screw the u-lug of each wire to its corresponding terminal.
- 4. Clamp down the cable with designated cable clamp.
- 5. Insulate unused wires with electrical tape. Keep them away from any electrical or metal
- 6. Reinstall the cover of the electric control box.





Indoor Unit Wiring

- 1. Prepare the cable for connection
 - a. Using wire strippers, strip the rubber jacket from both ends of signal cable to reveal about 15cm (5.9") of the wires inside.
 - b. Strip the insulation from the ends of the wires.
 - c. Using wire crimper, crimp the u-lugs to the ends of the wires.
- 2. Open the front panel of the indoor unit. Using a screwdriver, remove the cover of the electric control box on your indoor unit.
- 3. Thread the power cable and the signal cable through the wire outlet.
- 4. Connect the u-lugs to the terminals.

 Match the wire colors/labels with the labels on the terminal block, and firmly screw the u-lug of each wire to its corresponding terminal. Refer to the Serial Number and Wiring Diagram located on the cover of the electric control box.

CAUTION

- While connecting the wires, please strictly follow the wiring diagram.
- The refrigerant circuit can become very hot. Keep the interconnection cable away from the copper tube.

€Jamp down cable with the designated cable clamp to secure it in place. The cable should not be loose, and should not pull on the u-lugs. Beinstall the electric box cover and the front panel of the indoor unit.

Indoor Power Supply Specifications

MODE	L(Btu/h)	≤18K	19K~24K	25K~36K	37K~50K	60K
POWER	PHASE	1 Phase	1 Phase	1 Phase	1 Phase	1 Phase
	VOLT	208-240V	208-240V	208-240V	208-240V	208-240V
CIRCUIT BREAKER/ FUSE(A)		25/20	32/25	50/40	70/55	70/60

MODEL(Btu/h)		≤36K	37K~60K	≤36K	37K~60K
	PHASE	3 Phase	3 Phase	3 Phase	3 Phase
POWER	VOLT	380-420V	380-420V	208-240V	208-240V
CIRCUIT BREAKER/FUSE(A)		25/20	32/25	32/25	45/35

Outdoor Power Supply Specifications

MODE	L(Btu/h)	≤18K	19K~24K	25K~36K	37K~50K	50K~60K
	PHASE	1 Phase	1 Phase	1 Phase	1 Phase	3 Phase
POWER	VOLT	208-240V	208-240V	208-240V	208-240V	380-420V
CIRCUIT BREAKER/ FUSE(A)		25/20	32/25	50/40	70/55	45/35

MOI	DEL(Btu/h)	≤36K	37K~60K	≤36K	37K~60K
POWER	PHASE	3 Phase	3 Phase	3 Phase	3 Phase
	VOLT	380-420V	380-420V	208-240V	208-240V
CIRCUIT BREAKER/FUSE(A)		25/20	32/25	32/25	45/35



Independent Power Supply Specifications

MODEL(Btu/h)		≤18K	19K~24K	25K~36K	37K~48K	49K~60K
POWER	PHASE	1 Phase	1 Phase	1 Phase	1 Phase	1 Phase
(indoor)	VOLT	208-240V	208-240V	208-240V	208-240V	208-240V
CIRCUIT FUS	BREAKER/ E(A)	15/10	15/10	15/10	15/10	15/10
POWER	PHASE	1 Phase	1 Phase	1 Phase	1 Phase	1 Phase
(outdoor)	VOLT	208-240V	208-240V	208-240V	208-240V	208-240V
	BREAKER/ E(A)	25/20	32/25	50/40	70/55	70/60

MODEL(Btu/h)		≤ 36K	37K~60K	≤36K	37K~60K
POWER	PHASE	1 Phase	1 Phase	1 Phase	1 Phase
(indoor)	VOLT	208-240V	208-240V	208-240V	208-240V
CIRCUIT BR	CIRCUIT BREAKER/FUSE(A)		15/10	15/10	15/10
POWER	PHASE	3 Phase	3 Phase	3 Phase	3 Phase
(outdoor)	VOLT	380-420V	380-420V	208-240V	208-240V
CIRCUIT BR	EAKER/FUSE(A)	25/20	32/25	32/25	45/35

Inverter Type A/C Power Specifications

MODEL(Btu/h)	≤18K	19K~24K	25K~36K	37K~48K	49K~60K
POWER	PHASE	1 Phase	1 Phase	1 Phase	1 Phase	1 Phase
(indoor)	VOLT	220-240V	220-240V	220-240V	220-240V	220-240V
CIRCUIT BREAKER/ FUSE(A)		15/10	15/10	15/10	15/10	15/10
POWER	PHASE	1 Phase	1 Phase	1 Phase	1 Phase	1 Phase
(outdoor)	VOLT	208-240V	208-240V	208-240V	208-240V	208-240V
	BREAKER/ E(A)	25/20	25/20	40/30	50/40	50/40

MODE	MODEL(Btu/h)		37K~60K	≤36K	37K~60K
POWER	PHASE	1 Phase	1 Phase	1 Phase	1 Phase
(indoor)	VOLT	220-240V	220-240V	220-240V	220-240V
CIRCUIT BR	EAKER/FUSE(A)	15/10	15/10	15/10	15/10
POWER	PHASE	3 Phase	3 Phase	3 Phase	3 Phase
(outdoor)	VOLT	380-420V	380-420V	208-240V	208-240V
CIRCUIT BREAKER/FUSE(A)		25/20	32/25	32/25	40/30

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Air Evacuation

8

Safety Precautions

ACAUTION

- Use a vacuum pump with a gauge reading lower than -0.1MPa and an air discharge capacity above 40L/min.
- The outdoor unit does not need vacuuming.
 <u>DO NOT</u> open the outdoor unit's gas and liquid stop valves.
- Ensure that the Compound Meter reads

 -0.1MPa or below after 2 hours. If after three hours of operation and the gauge reading is still above -0.1MPa, check if there is a gas leak or water inside the pipe. If there is no leakage, perform another evacuation for 1 or 2 hours.
- **DO NOT** use refrigerant gas to evacuate the system.

Evacuation Instructions

Before using manifold gauge and vacuum pump, read their operation manuals to familiarize yourself with how to use them properly.

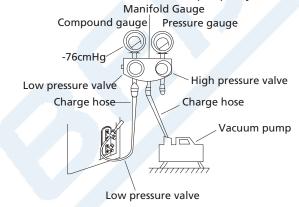


Fig. 8.1

- 1. Connect the charge hose of the manifold gauge to service port on the outdoor unit's low pressure valve.
- 2. Connect another charge hose from the manifold gauge to the vacuum pump.
- 3. Open the Low Pressure side of the manifold gauge. Keep the High Pressure side closed.

- 4. Turn on the vacuum pump to evacuate the system.
- 5. Run the vacuum for at least 15 minutes, or until the Compound Meter reads -76cmHG (-1x105Pa).
- 6. Close the Low Pressure side of the manifold gauge, and turn off the vacuum pump.
- 7. Wait for 5 minutes, then check that there has been no change in system pressure.

NOTE: If there is no change in system pressure, unscrew the cap from the packed valve (high pressure valve). If there is a change in system pressure, there may be a gas leak.

8. Insert hexagonal wrench into the packed valve (high pressure valve) and open the valve by turning the wrench in a 1/4 counterclockwise turn. Listen for gas to exit the system, then close the valve after 5 seconds.

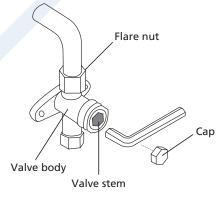


Fig. 8.2

- 9. Watch the Pressure Gauge for one minute to make sure that there is no change in pressure. The Pressure Gauge should read slightly higher than atmospheric pressure.
- 10. Remove the charge hose from the service port.
- 11. Using hexagonal wrench, fully open both the high pressure and low pressure valves.

OPEN VALVE STEMS GENTLY

When opening valve stems, turn the hexagonal wrench until it hits against the stopper.

DO NOT try to force the valve to open further.

12. Tighten valve caps by hand, then tighten it using the proper tool.



Note On Adding Refrigerant

CAUTION

- Refrigerant charging must be performed after wiring, vacuuming and the leak test.
- **DO NOT** exceed the maximum allowable quantity of refrigerant or overcharge the system. Doing so can damage or impact the unit's function.
- Charging with unsuitable substances may cause explosions or accidents. Ensure that the appropriate refrigerant is used.
- Refrigerant containers must be opened slowly. Always use protective gear when charging the system.
- **DO NOT** mix refrigerants types.
- For the R290 or R32 refrigerant model, make sure the condtions within the area have been made safe by control of flammable material when the refrigerant added into air conditioner.

Some systems require additional charging depending on pipe lengths. The standard pipe length varies according to local regulations. For example, in North America, the standard pipe length is 7.5m (25') In other areas, the standard pipe length is 5m (16'). The additional refrigerant to be charged can be calculated using the following formula:

Liquid Side Diameter

	ф6.35(1/4")	ф9.52(3/8")	ф12.7(1/2″)
R32:	(Total pipe length -	(Total pipe length -	(Total pipe length -
	standard pipe length)x	standard pipe length)x	standard pipe length)x
	12g(0.13oZ)/m(ft)	24g(0.26oZ)/m(ft)	40g(0.42oZ)/m(ft)

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Panel Installation

9

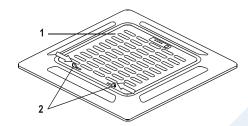
! CAUTION

DO NOT place the panel facedown on the floor, against a wall, or on uneven surfaces.

For Models: V7CRI-12WiFiR, V7CRI-18WiFiR

Step 1: Remove the front grille.

1. Push both of the tabs towards the middle simultaneously to unlock the hook on the grille.



- 1 Intake grille
- 2 Grille hook

Fig. 9.1

2. Hold the grille at a 45° angle, lift it up slightly and detach it from the main body.

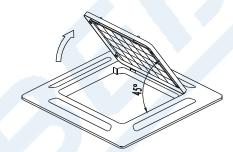
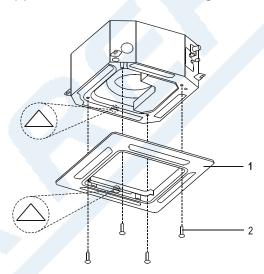


Fig. 9.2

Step 2: Install the panel

Align the indicate " \triangle " on the decoration panel to the indicate " \triangle " on the unit . Attach the decoration panel to the unit with the supplied screws as shown in figure below.



- 1 Decoration panel
- 2 Screws (M5)(supplied with the panel)

Fig. 9.3

After installing the decoration panel, ensure that there is no space between the unit body and decoration panel. Otherwise air may leak through the gap and cause dewdrop. (See figure below)

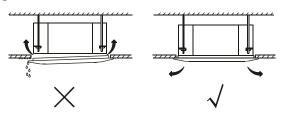


Fig. 9.4



Step 3: Mount the intake grille.

Ensure that the buckles at the back of the grille be properly seated in the groove of the

panel.

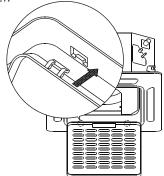
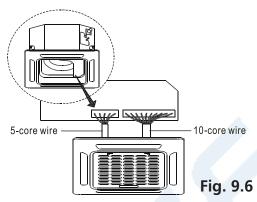
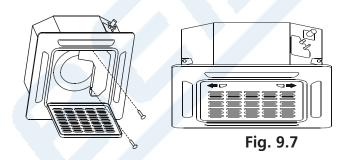


Fig. 9.5

Step 4: Connect the 2 wires of the decoration panel to the mainboard of the unit.



Step 5: Fasten the control box lid with 2 screws.



Step 6: Close the intake grille, and close the 2 grille hooks.

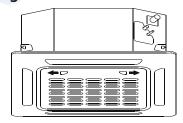
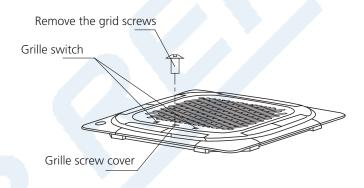


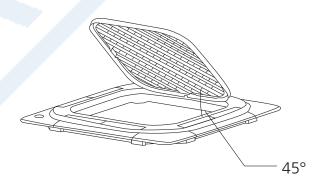
Fig. 9.8

For Models: V7CI-24WiFiR/U7RS-24, V7CI-36WiFiR/U7RS-36, V7CI-42WiFiR/U7RS-42, V7CI-50WiFiR/U7RT-50, V7CI-60WiFiR/U7RT-60

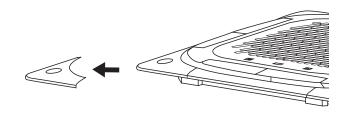
Step 1: Remove the front grille.

- 1. Push both of the tabs towards the middle simultaneously to unlock the hook on the grille.
- 2. Hold the grille at a 45° angle, lift it up slightly and detach it from the main body.





Step 2: Remove the installation covers at the four corners by sliding them outwards.





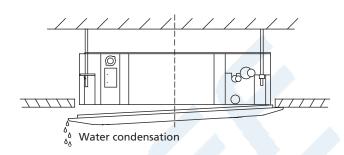
Step 3: Install the panel

Align the front panel to the main body, taking into account the position of the piping and drain sides. Hang the four latches of the decorative panel to the hooks of the indoor unit. Tighten the panel hook screws evenly at the four corners.

NOTE: Tighten the screws until the thickness of the sponge between the main body and the panel reduces to 4-6mm (0.2-0.3"). The edge of the panel should be in contact with the ceiling well.

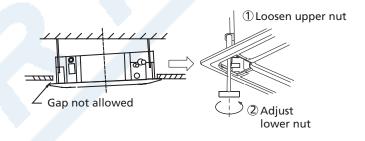
Adjust the panel by turning it to the arrowed direction so that the ceiling opening is completely covered.

NOTE: If the height of the indoor unit needs to be adjusted, you can do so through the openings at the panel's four corners. Make sure that the internal wiring and drainpipe are not affected by this adjustment.



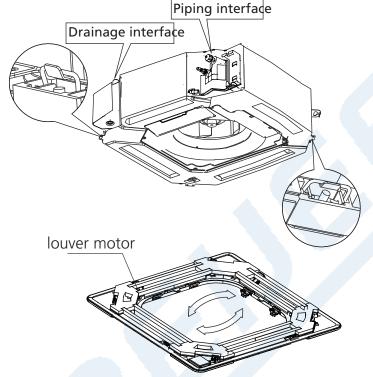
! CAUTION

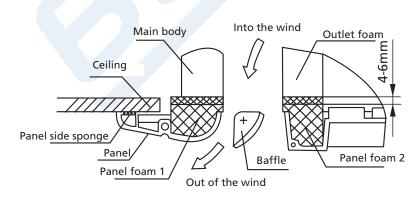
Failure to tighten screws can cause water leakage.



↑ CAUTION

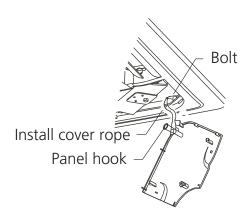
If the unit is not hung correctly and a gap exists, the unit's height must be adjusted to ensure proper function. The unit's height can be adjusted by loosening the upper nut, and adjusting the lower nut.



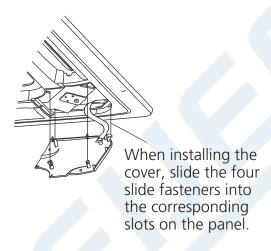




Hang the intake grille on the panel, and then connect the lead connectors of the louver motor and the control box on the panel to the corresponding connectors of the main body.



Re-installed into the style grid. Reinstall the installation cover. Fix the installation cover plate rope to the pillar of the installation cover plate, and gently press the installation cover plate into the panel.



NOTE: After installation, the butt plugs of display, swing, water pump and other wire bodies must be placed in the electric control box.



Test Run

10

Before Test Run

A test run must be performed after the entire system has been completely installed. Confirm the following points before performing the test:

- a) The indoor and outdoor units are properly installed.
- b) Piping and wiring are properly connected.
- c) Ensure that there are no obstacles near the inlet and outlet of the unit that might cause poor performance or product malfunction.
- d) The refrigeration system does not leak.
- e) The drainage system is unimpeded and draining to a safe location.
- f) The heating insulation is properly installed.
- g) The grounding wires are properly connected.
- h) The length of the piping and the added refrigerant stow capacity have been recorded.
- i) The power voltage is the correct voltage for the air conditioner.

!CAUTION

Failure to perform the test run may result in unit damage, property damage or personal injury.

Test Run Instructions

- 1. Open both the liquid and gas stop valves.
- 2. Turn on the main power switch and allow the unit to warm up.
- 3. Set the air conditioner to COOL mode.
- 4. For the Indoor Unit
 - a. Ensure the remote control and its buttons work properly.
 - b. Ensure the louvers move properly and can be changed using the remote control.
 - c. Double check to see if the room temperature is being registered correctly.
 - d. Ensure the indicators on the remote control and the display panel on the indoor unit work properly.
 - e. Ensure the manual buttons on the indoor unit works properly.

- f. Check to see that the drainage system is unimpeded and draining smoothly.
- g. Ensure there is no vibration or abnormal noise during operation.
- 5. For the Outdoor Unit
 - a. Check to see if the refrigeration system is leaking.
 - b. Make sure there is no vibration or abnormal noise during operation.
 - c. Ensure the wind, noise, and water generated by the unit do not disturb your neighbors or pose a safety hazard.
- 6. Drainage Test
 - a. Ensure the drainpipe flows smoothly. New buildings should perform this test before finishing the ceiling.
 - b. Remove the test cover. Add 2,000ml of water to the tank through the attached tube.
 - c. Turn on the main power switch and run the air conditioner in COOL mode.
 - d. Listen to the sound of the drain pump to see if it makes any unusual noises.
 - e. Check to see that the water is discharged. It may take up to one minute before the unit begins to drain depending on the drainpipe.
 - f. Make sure that there are no leaks in any of the piping.
 - g. Stop the air conditioner. Turn off the main power switch and reinstall the test cover.

NOTE: If the unit malfunctions or does not operate according to your expectations, please refer to the Troubleshooting section of the Owner's Manual before calling customer service.



European Disposal Guidelines

11

Users in European Countries may be required to properly dispose of this unit. This appliance contains refrigerant and other potentially hazardous materials. When disposing of this appliance, the law requires special collection and treatment. **DO NOT** dispose of this product as household waste or unsorted municipal waste.

When disposing of this appliance, you have the following options:

- Dispose of the appliance at designated municipal electronic waste collection facility.
- When buying a new appliance, the retailer will take back the old appliance free of charge.
- The manufacturer will also take back the old appliance free of charge.
- Sell the appliance to certified scrap metal dealers.

NOTE: Disposing of this appliance in the forest or other natural surroundings endangers your health and is bad for the environment. Hazardous substances may leak into the ground water and enter the food chain.





Information Servicing

(Required for the units adopt R32/R290 Refrigerant only)

12

1. Checks to the area

Prior to beginning work on systems containing flammable refrigerants, safety checks are necessary to ensure that the risk of ignition is minimised. For repair to the refrigerating system, the following precautions shall be complied with prior to conducting work on the system.

2. Work procedure

Works shall be undertaken under a controlled procedure so as to minimise the risk of a flammable gas or vapour being present while the work is being performed.

3. General work area

All mintenance staff and others working in the local area shall be instructed on the nature of work being carried out. work in confined sapces shall be avoided. The area around the work space shall be sectioned off. Ensure that the conditions within the area have been made safe by control of flammable material.

4. Checking for presence of refrigerant

The area shall be checked with an appropriate refrigerant detector prior to and during work, to ensure the technician is aware of potentially flammable atmospheres. Ensure that the leak detection equipment being used is suitable for use with flammable refrigerants, i.e. no sparking, adequately sealed or intrinsically safe.

5. Presence of fire extinguisher

If any hot work is to be conducted on the refrigeration equipment or any associated parts, appropriate fire extinguishing equipment shall be available to hand. Have a dry power or CO2 fire extinguisher adjacent to the charging area.

6. No ignition sources

No person carrying out work in relation to a refrigeration system which involves exposing any pipe work that contains or has contained flammable refrigerant shall use any sources of ignition in such a manner that it may lead to the risk of fire or explosion. All possible ignition sources, including cigarette smoking, should be kept sufficiently far away from the site of installation, repairing, removing and disposal, during which flammable refrigerant can possibly be released to the surrounding space. Prior to work taking place, the area around the equipment is to be surveyed to make sure that there are no flammable hazards or ignition risks. NO SMOKING signs shall be displayed.



7. Ventilated area

Ensure that the area is in the open or that it it adequately ventilated before breaking into the system or conducting any hot work. A degree of ventilation shall continue during the period that the work is carried out. The ventilation should safely disperse any released refrigerant and preferably expel it externally into the atmosphere.

8. Checks to the refrigeration equipment

Where electrical components are being changed, they shall be fit for the purpose and to the correct specification. At all times the manufacturer's maintenance and service guidelines shall be followed. If in doubt consult the manufacturer's technical department for assistance. The following checks shall be applied to installations using flammable refrigerants:

- the charge size is in accordance with the room size within which the refrigerant containing parts are installed;
- the ventilation machinery and outlets are operating adequately and are not obstructed;
- if an indirect refrigerating circuit is being used, the secondary circuits shall be checked for the presence of refrigerant; marking to the equipment continues to be visible and legible.
- marking and signs that are illegible shall be corrected;
- refrigeration pipe or components are installed in a position where they are unlikely to be exposed to any substance which may corrode refrigerant containing components, unless
- the components are constructed of materials which are inherently resistant to being
- corroded or are suitably protected against being so corroded.

9. Checks to electrical devices

Repair and maintenance to electrical components shall include initial safety checks and component inspection procedures. If a fault exists that could compromise safety, then no electrical supply shall be connected to the circuit until it is satisfactorily dealt with. If the fault cannot be corrected immediately but it is necessary to continue operation, and adequate temporary solution shall be used. This shall be reported to the owner of the equipment so all parties are advised.

Initial safety checks shall include:

- that capacitors are discharged: this shall be done in a safe manner to avoid possibility of sparking
- that there no live electrical components and wiring are exposed while charging, recovering or purging the system;
- that there is continuity of earth bonding.



10. Repairs to sealed components

- 10.1 During repairs to sealed components, all electrical supplies shall be disconnected from the equipment being worked upon prior to any removal of sealed covers, etc. If it is absolutely necessary to have an electrical supply to equipment during servicing, then a permanently operating form of leak detection shall be located at the most critical point to warn of a potentially hazardous situation.
- 10.2 Particular attention shall be paid to the following to ensure that by working on electrical components, the casing is not altered in such a way that the level of protection is affected. This shall include damage to cables, excessive number of connections, terminals not made to original specification, damage to seals, incorrect fitting of glands, etc.
 - Ensure that apparatus is mounted securely.
 - Ensure that seals or sealing materials have not degraded such that they no longer serve the purpose of preventing the ingress of flammable atmospheres. Replacement parts shall be in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications.

NOTE: The use of silicon sealant may inhibit the effectiveness of some types of leak detection equipment. Instrinsically safe components do not have to be isolated prior to working on them.

11. Repair to intrinsically safe components

Do not apply any permanent inductive or capacitance loads to the circuit without ensuring that this will not exceed the permissible voltage and current permitted for the equipment in use. Intrinscially safe components are the only types that can be worked on while live in the presence of a flammable atmosphere. The test apparatus shall be at the correct rating. Replace components only with parts specified by the manufacturer. Other parts may result in the ignition of refrigerant in the atmosphere from a leak.

12. Cabling

Check that cabling will not be subject to wear, corrosion, excessive pressure, vibration, sharp edges or any other adverse environmental effects. The check shall also take into account the effects of aging or continual vibration from sources such as compressors or fans.

13. Detection of flammable refrigerants

Under no circumstances shall potential sources of ignition be used in the searching for or detection of refrigerant leaks. A halide torch(or any other detector using a naked flame) shall not be used.



14. Leak detection methods

The following leak detection methods are deemed acceptable for systems containing flammable refrigerants. Electronic leak detectors shall be used to detect flammable refrigerants, but the sensitivity may not be adequate, or may need re-calibration. (Detection equipment shall be calibrated in a refrigerant-free area.) Ensure that the detector is not a potential source of ignition and is suitable for the refrigerant. Leak detection equipment shall be set at a percentage of the LFL of the refrigerant and shall be calibrated to the refrigerant employed and the appropriate percentage of gas (25% maximum) is confirmed. Leak detection fluids are suitable for use with most refrigerants but the use of detergents containing chlorine shall be avoided as the chlorine may react with the refrigerant and corrode the copper pipe-work.

If a leak is suspected ,all naked flames shall be removed or extinguished. If a leakage of refrigernat is found which requires brazing, all of the refrigerant shall be recovered from the system, or isolated(by means of shut off valves) in a part of the system remote from the leak. Oxygen free nitrogen(OFN) shall then be purged through the system both before and during the brazing process.

15. Removal and evacuation

When breaking into the refrigerant circuit to make repairs of for any other purpose conventional procedures shall be used, However, it is important that best practice is followed since flammability is a consideration. The following procedure shall be adhered to:

- remove refrigerant;
- purge the circuit with inert gas;
- evacuate;
- purge again with inert gas;
- open the circuit by cutting or brazing.

The refrigerant charge shall be recovered into the correct recovery cylinders. The system shall be flushed with OFN to render the unit safe. This process may need to be repeated several times. Compressed air or oxygen shall not be used for this task.

Flushing shall be achieved by breaking the vacuum in the system with OFN and continuing to fill until the working pressure is achieved, then venting to atmosphere, and finally pulling down to a vacuum. This process shall be repeated until no refrigerant is within the system.



When the final OFN charge is used, the system shall be vented down to atmospheric pressure to enable work to take place. This operation is absolutely vital if brazing operations on the pipe-work are to take place.

Ensure that the outlet for the vacuum pump is not closed to any ignition sources and there is ventilation available.

16. Charging procedures

In addition to conventional charging procedures, the following requirements shall be followed:

- Ensure that contamination of different refrigerants does not occur when using charging equipment. Hoses or lines shall be as short as possible to minimize the amount of refrigerant contained in them.
- Cylinders shall be kept upright.
- Ensure that the refrigeration system is earthed prior to charging the system with refrigerant.
- Label the system when charging is complete(if not already).
- Extreme care shall be taken not to overfill the refrigeration system.
- Prior to recharging the system it shall be pressure tested with OFN. The system shall be leak tested on completion of charging but prior to commissioning. A follow up leak test shall be carried out prior to leaving the site.

17. Decommissioning

Before carrying out this procedure, it is essential that the technician is completely familiar with the equipment and all its detail. It is recommended good practice that all refrigerants are recovered safely. Prior to the task being carried out, an oil and refrigerant sample shall be taken.

In case analysis is required prior to re-use of reclaimed refrigerant. It is essential that electrical power is available before the task is commenced.

- a) Become familiar with the equipment and its operation.
- b) Isolate system electrically
- c) Before attempting the procedure ensure that:
- mechanical handling equipment is available, if required, for handling refrigerant cylinders;
- all personal protetive equipment is available and being used correctly;
- the recovery process is supervised at all times by a competent person;
- recovery equipment and cylinders conform to the appropriate standards.
- d) Pump down refrigerant system, if possible.
- e) If a vacuum is not possible, make a manifold so that refrigerant can be removed from various parts of the system.



- f) Make sure that cylinder is situated on the scales before recovery takes place.
- g) Start the recovery machine and operate in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- h) Do not overfill cylinders. (No more than 80% volume liquid charge).
- i) Do not exceed the maximum working pressure of the cylinder, even temporarily.
- j) When the cylinders have been filled correctly and the process completed, make sure that the cylinders and the equipment are removed from site promptly and all isolation valves on the equipment are closed off.
- k) Recovered refrigerant shall not be charged into another refrigeration system unless it has been cleaned and checked.

18. Labelling

Equipment shall be labelled stating that it has been de-commissioned and emptied of refrigerant. The label shall be dated and signed. Ensure that there are labels on the equipment stating the equipment contains flammable refrigerant.

19. Recovery

- When removing refrigerant from a system, either for service or decommissioning, it is recommended good practice that all refrigerants are removed safely.
- When tranferring refrigerant into cylinders, ensure that only appropriate refrigerant recovery cylinders are employed. Ensure that the correct numbers of cylinders for holding the total system charge are available. All cylinders to be used are designated for the recovered refrigerant and labelled for that refrigerant(i.e special cylinders for the recovery of refrigerant). Cylinders shall be complete with pressure relief valve and associated shut-off valves in good working order.
- Empty recovery cylinders are evacuated and, if possible, cooled before recovery occurs.
- The recovery equipment shall be in good working order with a set of instructions concerning the equipment that is at hand and shall be suitable for the recovery of flammable refrigerants. In addition, a set of calibrated weighing scales shall be available
- and in good working order.
- Hoses shall be complete with leak-free disconnect couplings and in good condition. Before
 using the recovery machine, check that it is in satisfactory working order, has been
 properly maintained and that any associated electrical components are sealed to prevent
 ignition in the event of a refrigerant release. Consult manufacturer if in doubt.
- The recovered refrigerant shall be returned to the refrigerant supplier in the correct recovery cylinder, and the relevant Waste Transfer Note arranged. Do not mix refrigerants in recovery units and especially not in cylinders.
- If compressors or compressor oils are to be removed, ensure that they have been evacuated to an acceptable level to make certain that flammable refrigerant does not remain within the lubricant. The evacuation process shall be carried out prior to retruning the compressor to the suppliers. Only electric heating to the compressor body shall be employed to accelerate this process. When oil is drained from a system, it shall be carried out safely.



20. Transportation, marking and storage for units

- 1. Transport of equipment containing flammable refrigerants Compliance with the transport regulations
- 2. Marking of equipment using signs Compliance with local regulations
- 3. Disposal of equipment using flammable refrigerants Compliance with national regulations
- 4. Storage of equipment/appliances
 The storage of equipment should be in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.
- 5. Storage of packed (unsold) equipment
 Storage package protection should be constructed such that mechanical damage to the
 equipment inside the package will not cause a leak of the refrigerant charge.
 The maximum number of pieces of equipment permitted to be stored together will be
 determined by local regulations.

All the pictures in the manual are for explanatory purposes only. The actual shape of the unit you purchased may be slightly but the operations and functions are the same. The company may not be held responsible for any misprinted information. The design and the of the product for reasons, such as product improvement, are subject to change without any prior notice.

Please consult with the manufacturer at +30 211 300 3300 or with the Sales agency for further details. Any future updates to the manual will be uploaded to the service website, and it is advised to always check for the latest version.



Scan here to download the latest version of this manual. www.inventorairconditioner.com/media-library













AIR CONDITIONING SYSTEMS

CASSETTE TYPE

Inventor je součástí skupiny BEIJER REF

Distributor pro Českou republiku:

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BEIJER REF Slovakia s.r.o. Krajná 29 821 04 Bratislava Tel: +421 918 502 792 www.beijerref.sk info@beijerref.sk

V: 1.0 062021

Please check the applicable models, F-GAS and manufacturer information from the "Owner's Manual - Product Fiche" in the packaging of the outdoor unit. (European Union products only).



Manufacturer: INVENTOR A.G. S.A.